2 Server

Key terms: hills ssh \$ python3 .py send tally

Exercise: Log into hills, launch the Python interpreter, and type a comment.

Reading: Kevin Heard's "UNIX Tutorial" 1 through 5⁴

Reading: Peter J. Denning's "Can Generative AI Bots Be Trusted?" 5

You may use any kind of computer for this course; a keyboard is highly recommended. Building your programs on the student Linux server hills is the established standard, faster to start with, and very powerful, but relatively spartan and arcane. On your own device, you can use newer or fancier development tools but have to set up a way to transfer programs to and from the server. There is no right answer to this question — do what works for you.

Tips for developing on hills:

1. Use one of the editors nano (easy), emacs or vim (both are cults⁶). 2. Open two SSH sessions so that you can run commands in one while the editor program stays open in the other.

Tips for developing elsewhere:

1. Use your editor's "save to server" feature to save a lot of steps moving files by hand. 2. Install a trusted SSH key on the server to avoid typing your password many times. 3. Avoid targeting too new a version of Python by checking which version is currently installed on hills.

Either way, you need to use hills every week to test and send in a program and to peer review others' programs. Log in by making an SSH connection to hills.ccsf.edu; your device is likely to already have the SSH client software. Your password will be masked or suppressed as you are typing it, so don't think that your keyboard has stopped working or the connection has dropped. Upon login, you're running an interactive shell called bash, whose command prompt usually ends in \$. To run other programs you can type their names here. When your program, whose name ends in the extension .py, implements the problem stated in the assignment prompt, use ~abrick/send to turn it in:

```
[yourname@hills ~]$ ~abrick/send
Pass the filename of the file you want to send.
[yourname@hills ~]$ ~abrick/send myhomework.py
Success. Thank you for submitting your homework for 131B.
```

The week after a program is due, use ~abrick/tally to access your peer review materials. Its output indicates which peer work you should review next, the comments your work has received, the top submissions each week, and your current grade. Read (nano, cat) and run (python3) the peer programs listed. Write a review for each; they should be specific, constructive, in complete sentences, and both supportive and critical. Precede each review with the code of the file described. An example PR file is linked from the course policies.⁷

The peer review deliverable is a file with extension .pr that contains your reviews, ranked in order from best to worst. These lines contain linebreaks or be wrapped; they should be *long* lines. You may have to remove newlines added automatically by your editor (e.g., nano -w turns off this behavior). If you describe an error, make sure you include the input that triggered it. If you encounter an irredeemably dishonest or irrelevant submission, to write an explanatory comment that begins with the special marker "N/A".

Next, we will address the Python interactive interpreter, python3, in more detail.

⁴http://people.ischool.berkeley.edu/~kevin/unix-tutorial/toc.html

 $^{^{5}}$ https://fog.ccsf.edu/~abrick/reading/trusted.pdf

⁷https://fog.ccsf.edu/~abrick/policies.html